Direct exploitation of a top500 supercomputer in the analysis of CMS data

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THIS IS THE STORY OF A CHALLENGE...

- A general purpose, powerful (Top500 list), supercomputer in production in the University of Cantabria (SPAIN)
- A group of CMS researchers using Tier-2 CMS grid-based resources at IFCA center, but with peak demanding DATA processing needs to urgently prepare contributions to new papers (like Higgs WW, top cross section)
- An strategy: EXPLOIT RESOURCES, MAXIMIZE IMPACT, MINIMIZE EFFORT

...AND A SOLUTION



The Scene & the Actors

• IFCA, Institute of Physics of Cantabria, Universidad de Cantabria-CSIC

- Basic Research center in Santander, SPAIN
- HEP, Astrophysics, Statistical Physics & Computing
- IFCA Data Center: Tier-2 center for CMS + additional NGI & FEDCLOUD resources
 - Several Clusters (>3600 cores)
 - HPC data storage (>2 petabytes)
 - 10Gb backbone and dark fiber to NReN
- Management of the Spanish NGI (GRID expertise)
- Hosting the UC node of the Spanish Supercomputing Network (RES)

ALTAMIRA SUPERCOMPUTER

- A new supercomputer acquired by the University of Cantabria in 2012
- Designed with the support of IBM and BSC (Barcelona Supercomputing Center)
- Supported by a high level (but limited in number) technical team
- CMS researchers at University of Oviedo and at IFCA
 - With responsibilities in the top and Higgs into WW channels



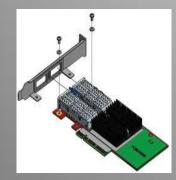
ALTAMIRA supercomputer

- TOP 500 in June 2012
 - #358
 - #2 in Spain
 - 240 "nodes" (IBM idataplex dx360m4)
 - ~4000 Intel cores: 330 Gflops/node
 - Top Efficiency: #36 worldwide
- Last generation FDR Infiniband (Mellanox)
 - Latency between nodes <1 microsec.
 - 40 Gbps



TOP

Excellent performance reported by CERN expert in Lattice QCD (summer 2012)







ALTAMIRA technical details

- Hardware
 - IBM idataplex cluster ,240 nodes dx360m4
 - 2x SandyBridge E5-2670
 2.6GHz/1600 20MB
 - 64GB RAM, 16x4G DDR3-1600 DIMMs (4GB/core)
 - 500GB 7200 rpm SATA II local HDD
 - 332.8Gflop/node
 - HPC Infiniband FDR10 (40 Gbps)
 - FDR10 IB HCA Mellanox
 - 36 ports switches, leafs+ core layer
 - FAT TREE non-blocking
 - Advance Management
 - Plus
 - 7 IBM dx360m3 GPUs TESLA
 - 11 IBM ps702 Power7

- Open Software
 - xCat (Management)
 - Linux (Scientific Linux & Centos)
 - SLURM (queue management)
 - MPI (mvapich2, openmpi-x86_64)
 - Compilers (gcc, INTEL)



INTEGRATING ACCESS AND RESOURCES

- ALTAMIRA is managed as supercomputer
 - "Local" accounts (user/gr + passw.)
 - Queue system (SLURM)
 - GPFS limited home & scratch space
 - Network layer 2 over Infiniband

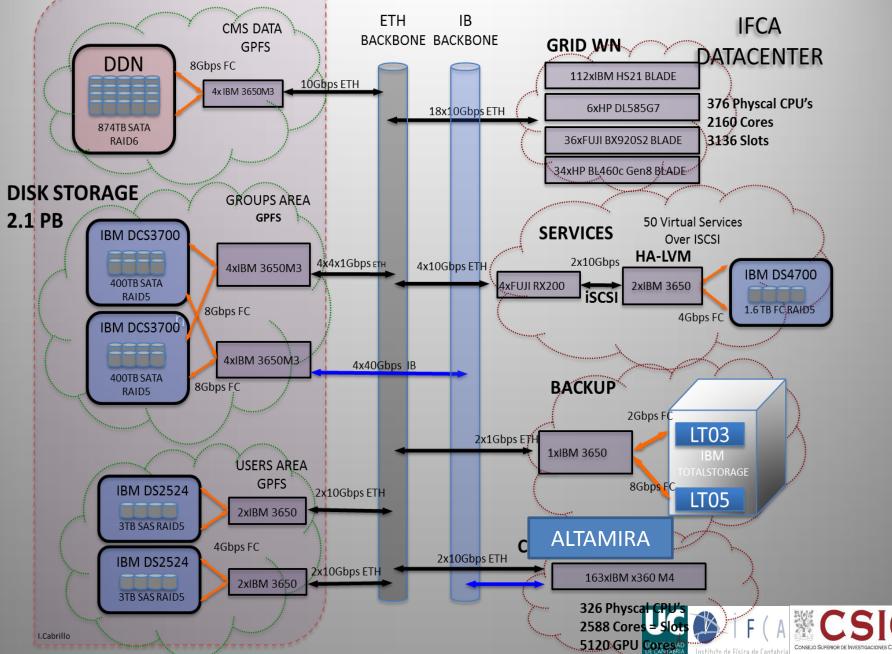
- IFCA Clusters are managed "a la GRID"
 - "Grid" access with local users access via LDAP to User Interface
 - Storage Element via STORM, underlying GPFS over 10Gb Ethernet

INTEGRATION

- COMMON IDENTITY FOR LOCAL USERS (Idap based) (handle carefully user/grid)
- SHARE GPFS VOLUMES OVER BOTH SIDES (including common home)
 - Over Ethernet for GRID resources, Over Infiniband for ALTAMIRA resources
- EXPLOIT SIMILARITY IN JDL (scripts need very minor modifications)
- Data Transfer Tools (vsftp, gridftp, xroot) + CMS software (via CVFMS)
- EXPLOIT PERFORMANCE IN ALTAMIRA:
 - LARGE NUMBER OF NODES + INFINIBAND, 40Gb to each node, FOR DATA PROCESSING
 - RUN o(100) JOBS IN PARALLEL WITHOUT IMPACT ON DATA ACCESS

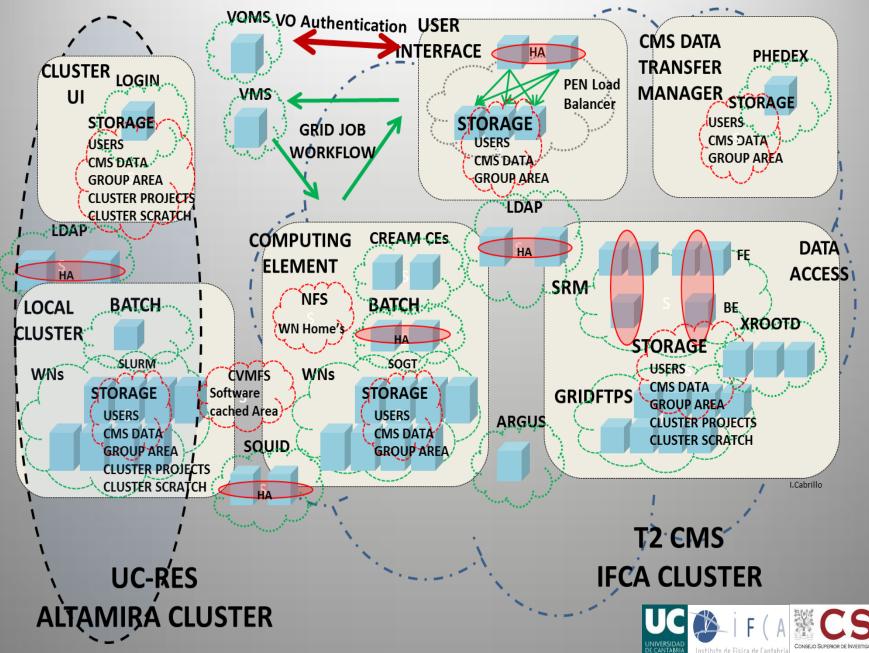


ALTAMIRA INTEGRATION: Hardware View



ALTAMIRA INTEGRATION: Network View **ETHERNET** INFINIBAND CORE BACKBONE 163x40 Gbps FDR WN 4xG8052 Altamira Force10 48x1GB + 4x10Gb SFP Nodes S2410 163x1Gbps ETH 8x1Gbps ETH 10xMellanox 20x10GbpsCX4 8xGPFS SX6036 4x10Gbps SFP+ SERVERS 5x1Gbps ETH Altamira G8052 48x1GB + 4x10Gb SFP **GPFS Serv** ΊFĊΆ 5x40Gbps FDR Fat Tree Login 1x10Gbps ETH Private DGbps SFP 2x10GbpsETH 180x40Gbps Services **Brocade RX8** 10x10Gbps SFP+ 5xMellanox 48 x 1Gbps WN AxAX1GDps ETH SX6036 40x10Gbps SFP+ 1x10Gbps ETH 4xGPFS SERVERS Force10 C300 24x1Gbps **IFCA** 4x10Gbps ETH 8x10Gbps SFP+ Public Services, 1x10Gb ER 1x10Gbps RedIris I.Cabrillo CONSE IO SUPERIOR DE INVESTIGACIONES

ALTAMIRA INTEGRATION: Global View



- Connect all ALTAMIRA nodes to Ethernet IP network
 - Cabling the nodes with 1Gb Ethernet connection to switches
 - Deploy an optic 10Gbps + 10Gbps Trunk between IFCA Brocade Ethernet backbone and ALTAMIRA Ethernet switches.
- Setup the new 4 ALTAMIRA GPFS storage servers
 - Direct FC connection to DCS3700 storage cabin (1 Petabyte)
 - 4 Gb interfaces to access also IP storage network
 - IB FDR interfaces to serve all ALTAMIRA nodes
 - Create the 2 new ALTAMIRA file systems
- Add all ALTAMIRA nodes to IFCA GPFS cluster
 - At this point Altamira is able to access to different IFCA file systems
 - cms data
 - user home area
 - other IFCA projects



Setting up the IB RDMA storage Network (GPFS > 3.4 is needed)

[root@node01 ~]# ibstat CA 'mlx4 0' CA type: MT4099 Number of ports: 1 Firmware version: 2.10.700 Hardware version: 0 Node GUID: 0x0002c9030030e820 System image GUID: 0x0002c9030030e823 Port 1: State: Active Physical state: LinkUp Rate: 40 (FDR10) Base lid: 95 LMC: 0 SM lid: 46 Capability mask: 0x02514868 Port GUID: 0x0002c9030030e821 Link layer: InfiniBand

[root@node01 ~]# ibstat Infiniband device 'mlx4_0' port 1 status: default gid: fe80:0000:0000:0000:0002:c903:0030:e821 base lid: 0x5f sm lid: 0x2e state: 4: ACTIVE phys state: 5: LinkUp rate: 40 Gb/sec (4X FDR10) link_layer: InfiniBand

Keep an eye on the device name : **mlx4_0**



Tell GPFS to active verbsRdma for altamira nodes

#mmchconfig verbsRdma=enable -N "node1,node2,...,nodeN"

Tell GPFS to active verbsPorts for altamira nodes

#mmchconfig verbsRdma="mlx4_0" -N "node1,node2,...,nodeN"

Restart GPFS on Altamira nodes

Loading modules from /lib/modules/2.6.32-358.14.1.el6.x86_64/extra Module Size Used by mmfs26 1762439 0 mmfslinux 310536 1 mmfs26 tracedev 29456 2 mmfs26,mmfslinux Wed Sep 25 13:11:26.505 2013: GPFS: 6027-310 mmfsd initializing. {Version: 3.5.0.10 Built: May 7 2013 17:30:30} ... Wed Sep 25 13:11:28.437 2013: VERBS RDMA starting. Wed Sep 25 13:11:28.438 2013: VERBS RDMA library libibverbs.so (version >= 1.1) loaded and initialized. Wed Sep 25 13:11:28.811 2013: VERBS RDMA device mlx4_0 port 1 opened. Wed Sep 25 13:11:28.812 2013: VERBS RDMA started.



Testing GPFS connection over IB

[root@node01 ~]# mmfsadm test verbs conn

NSD Client Connections:

destination status curr RW peak RW file RDs file WRs file RD KB file WR KB file recv file send file rcv KB file snd KB idx cookie

NSD Server Connections:

destination status curr rdma wait rdma rdma RDs rdma WRs rdma RDs KB rdma WRs KB rdma recv rdma send rdma rcv KB rdma snd KB idx cookie

											() ()		
<c0n148></c0n148>	IBV_QPS_RTS	0	0	936415	909909	35095190	33079486	0	0	0	0	1	229
<c0n195></c0n195>	IBV_QPS_RTS	0	0	0	9189003	238654045	313060231	0	0	0	0	6	251
<c0n198></c0n198>	IBV_QPS_RTS	0	0	0	78	44	3427	0	0	0	0	7	253
<c0n41></c0n41>	IBV_QPS_RTS	0	0	0	85	6825	3668	0	0	0	0	8	267

 RDMA supports zero-copy networking by enabling the network adapter to transfer data directly to or from application memory, eliminating the need to copy data between application memory and the data buffers in the operating system



TESTING THE INTEGRATION PERFORMANCE

(No IB) Ethernet GPFS Server

IBM x3650 M3 8 Cores E5520 2.27GHZ, 16GB RAM 2 x 8Gbps FC SAN access 10 Gbps Ethernet

Infiniband GPFS Server

IBM x3650 M3 4 Cores E5520 2.27GHZ, 16GB RAM 2 x 8Gbps FC SAN access IB FDR10 40 Gbps (No IB) Ethernet GPFS Client HP 585GL 48 Cores AMD 6176 SE 2.30GHz, 225GB RAM 10 Gbps Ethernet

InfiniBand GPFS Client IBM dx360 M4 16 cores E5 2670 2.60GHz, 64 GB RAM IB FDR10 40 Gbps

./gpfsperf "create/read/write" seq "fs" -n 32g -r 1m -fsync -th "n"

	CREATE	READ	WRITE	READ 8TH	READ 16TH	READ 32TH
Eth Server	1200MB/s	920MB/s	1200MB/s	925MB/s	930MB/s	925MB/s
Eth Client	460MB/s	300MB/s	455MB/s	308MB/s	315MB/s	305MB/s
IB Server	1700MB/s	1500MB/s	1850MB/s	1170MB/s	1420MB/s	1370MB/s
IB Client	1600MB/s	2290MB/s	1600MB/s	1132MB/s	1135MB/s	1135MB/s



ALTAMIRA & VO DATA (CMS)

• Now all VO Data is accessible from any ALTAMIRA node

[root@node1 ~]# df -h						
Filesystem	Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on					
/dev/sda4	428G 2.1G 404G 1%/					
tmpfs	32G 0 32G 0% /dev/shm					
/dev/sda2	248M 63M 173M 27% /boot					
/dev/sda1	50M 252K 50M 1% /boot/efi					
/dev/projects	262T 175T 88T 67% /gpfs/csic_projects					
/dev/gpfs_cn	ns 874T 582T 292T 67% /gpfs/gaes					
/dev/gpfs_user						
/dev/res_proje						
/dev/res_scrate	ch 88T 2.5T 85T 3% /gpfs/res_scratch					



Install cvmfs and assure all nodes can access IFCA squid servers



SATISFYING LOCAL USER ANALYSIS PEAK DEMANDS

- ALTAMIRA jobs are limited to 72 hours, typically using 32-512 cores
- Short jobs (below 6 h) are prioritized to optimize filling
- Instantaneous "large & efficient" capacity using embarrassing parallel jobs: "wrap" multiple jobs, demand large number of cores!
- CMS use case:
 - Analysis jobs launched get access to the Tier-2 file system, including official CMS software and data
 - Intensive data processing jobs: CMS EDM event selection and filtering (aka skimming), and ROOT Tree production
 - Multiple batch submissions each wrapping ~ 150 jobs
 - Carefully balance between total number of jobs, complexity of scripts and control, and saturation of data transfer capacity

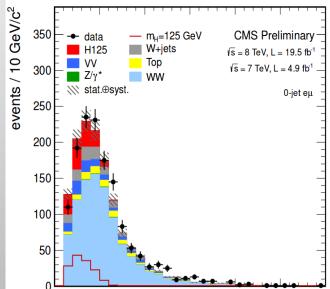
Typical reduction of waiting time, compared to analysis in Tier-2:

an order of magnitude



SATISFYING LOCAL USER PEAK DEMANDS

- Real example (April 2013): Skimming and ROOT Tree production over 2012 data samples for a real SUSY search analysis
 - 257.000 CPU hours
 - 17 TB Data Input (3 loops)
 - 13TB at /gpfs/res_projects/csic/
 - 5TB at /gpfs/csic_projects/cms/
 - 2.5TB Data Output
 - Moved to /gpfs/csic_projects/cms/
 - Accessible to CMS Tier3
 - Accessible to SRM



- Estimated time for processing in Tier-2: two months
- Finished in ALTAMIRA in less than one week
 - High Data Throughput (R/W)
 - No stageout fails (Sataured SRM)
 - Multiple batch submissions (150 jobs)

CONCLUSIONS

- ALTAMIRA supercomputer: an ideal system for LARGE DATA
 PROCESSING
- INTEGRATION with TIER-2 RESOURCES: LDAP, GPFS
- GPFS over INFINIBAND assures very good data transfer to any node
- VO software (CMS) was installed with low managerial effort (through CVMFS).
- CMS researchers were required to introduce only a very small modifications on their job submission scripts
- Typical reduction of waiting time, compared to our Tier-2:

an order of magnitude faster!

(from months to weeks, or from weeks to days)

- More than 500K hours used during 2013 in HWW, top and SUSY analysis (results already published in papers)
- AND THE KEY ADVANTAGE:

Extra & efficient power available for analysis at peak periods

